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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/734,783	02/22/2001	Randall R. Stewart	CISCO-3358	4702

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EXAMINER

SHEW, JOHN

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2664

DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004

7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/734,783

Applicant(s)

STEWART, RANDALL R.

Examiner

John L Shew

Art Unit

2664

— The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address —  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4,6,8-21 and 23-27 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5,7 and 22 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

## Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____. |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____.  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Specification***

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6, 9, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 25 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The citation of SCTP/IP compliant protocol needs to clearly state the particular version and date to identify which version it is in compliance to.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6, 8-21 and 23-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kant, in view of Kirschenbaum.

Claim 1, Kant teaches a communications link failure detection system (Abstract lines 9-14) referenced by detection of QoS measure exceeding a threshold results in removal of link from service, comprising at least two nodes including a first node and a second node (FIG. 1) referenced by node 1 on the left of forward ATM link 107 and node 2 on right of forward ATM link 107, each node having disposed configured to operate at least one packetized communications link (column 1 lines 36-43) referenced by ATM network using SSCOP, where each node has at least one communications link where said link is in operable communication with said communication system to detect packet events (FIG. 1) referenced by XMIT Buffer 102 to send a packet over ATM link 107 and receiver 121 to receive a packet from ATM link 115, where first node's communication link and second node's communication link are in operable communication with each other (FIG. 1) referenced by node 1 XMIT Buffer 102 in communication with node 2 receiver 109 and by node 1 receiver 121 in communication with node 2 XMIT buffer 113, where said communications system disposed within said first node further comprises a sent counter (FIG. 2, FIG. 3) referenced by block 202 with PI\_COUNT=0 and block 301 incrementation of PI\_COUNT for the Polling Interval count, a threshold value having an initial value (FIG. 3, column 8 lines 62-65) referenced by block 308 comparison of TOT\_QOS to THRES for a threshold value and THRES set to a typical value of 0.191, where second node sends periodic packets to said first node (column 5

lines 37-56, column 7 lines 16-20) referenced by the stat message response to a transmitted poll message for status of a communications link, where communication system can detect a communications link failure using sent counter and threshold value (FIG. 3) referenced by sent counter PI\_COUNT used in determination of TOT\_QOS and TOT\_QOS comparison to THRES to take the link out of service.

KANT does not teach the use of a Round Trip Time towards the determination of a communications link failure.

Kirschenbaum teaches the use of RTT value where value corresponds to the time it takes a packet to make a trip from said first node to said second node and back to said first node in determination of the transmission rates based on Quality of Service (FIG. 4, column 7 lines 3-9, lines 50-64), referenced by use of polling RM cells and CRM value for missing RM cell loss calculated from Round Trip Time. Kirschenbaum uses the cell loss information to index a transmission rate table (TABLE 1) to determine quality of service to adjust packet traffic. The calculation of CRM or RM cell loss inherently includes a RTT determiner to calculate the Round Trip Time of a packet (FIG. 4) referenced by RM packet 64 and CRM calculator 58, in operable communication between said second node and said first node (FIG. 4) referenced by Source End Station 50 for node 1 and Destination End Station 66 for node 2.

Claim 2, Kant teaches said second node comprising a second sent counter and a second threshold value having an initial value (FIG. 1, column 3 lines 48-58) referenced by the suggestion of similar transmissions occurring for the other direction but not

shown in figure 1 inherently implies all counters and methods of node 1 are reciprocated in node 2. Kirschenbaum teaches the use of RTT value which inherently implies its use in node 2 by reciprocation.

Claim 18, Kant teaches a sent counter (FIG. 2) referenced by PI\_COUNT, configured to be set to a value corresponding to a RTT time interval (Abstract lines 5-9) referenced by polling interval based on RTT of stat message in response to a poll, and a previous sent counter value (FIG. 3) referenced by block 307 wherein the PI\_COUNT indirectly determines TOT\_QOS which is determined from a prior value of TOT\_QOS, wherein first node threshold value is configured to be compared to said sent counter (FIG. 3) referenced by block 308 where TOT\_QOS is compared to THRES and TOT\_QOS is indirectly determined from PI\_COUNT, to make a communications link status determination (FIG. 3) referenced by block 308 to determine if link is out of service.

Claim 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 24, 26, Kirschenbaum teaches a RTT value for use in said first node using said second node (FIG. 4) referenced by RM cell 64 round trip transmission between Source End Station 50 and Destination End Station 66. The RTT value is a QoS factor into the error monitoring algorithm of Kant to determine the poll interval. Kant teaches a sent counter initially set to 0 base value (FIG. 2) referenced by block 202 PI\_COUNT=0, starting a RTT-based time interval when a packet is received from said second node (FIG. 3) referenced by setting N\_gap=1, N\_blk=1, N\_loss=0, N\_sup=1 thereby forcing algorithm to expect 1 stat response message for 1 poll message

resulting in PI\_COUNT=0 for each stat message received thereby starting a new RTT-based time interval, incrementing sent counter when a packet is sent to said second node (FIG. 3) referenced by block 301 for incrementing PI\_COUNT for each poll message sent, using sent counter to determine if a failure has occurred (FIG. 3) referenced by block 308 to determine if link should be taken out of service where the PI\_COUNT indirectly determines the TOT\_QOS value for comparison, issuing a communications link failure message if said sent counter is larger than said threshold value (FIG. 3) referenced by block 309 to take link out of service when THRES is exceeded, continuing if no communications failure message has been issued (FIG. 3, column 8 lines 60-61) referenced by block 314 to exit and return to poll generation. Reciprocation of similar counters at node 2 is suggested by Kant (FIG. 1, column 3 lines 48-58) referenced by the suggestion of similar transmissions occurring for the other direction but not shown in figure 1 inherently implies all counters and methods of node 1 are reciprocated in node 2. Kant teaches a program storage device readable by a machine embodying a program of instructions executable by a machine (FIG. 2) referenced by a flowchart of instructions used by a machine to execute the method.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a RTT based calculation as suggested by Kirschenbaum for determination of a polling interval QoS value into the error monitoring algorithm of Kant for the purpose of determining whether QoS measure is greater than a predetermined

threshold. The CRM value of Kirschenbaum determines the amount of poll loss for detecting link QoS which is associated to a polling type interval.

Claim 3, 20, Kant teaches the first sent counter of node 1 is set to 0 at the start of a communications session (FIG. 2) referenced by block 202 PI\_COUNT=0. The second sent counter of node 2 is identically set to 0 by reciprocation.

Claim 4, 21, Kant teaches threshold values at a constant (column 8 lines 62-65) referenced by  $\text{thres}=0.191$ .

Claim 6, 23, Kant teaches a communications link using SSCOP which is analogous to a SCTP/IP compliant protocol (column 3 lines 3-14) referenced by Service Specific Connection Oriented Protocol which is a packet based ATM transport protocol particularly for voice applications using virtual circuits, where at least two nodes send a SACK-compliant packet from a local node to a non-local node regularly (column 3 lines 29-32) referenced by the regular poll message with corresponding stat response between nodes 1 and 2. It would have been obvious to substitute SSCOP for SCTP/IP which designed to transport PSTN signaling messages over IP networks. SSCOP is packet based designed for virtual connections which is analogous to SCTP establishing streams of connections.



Claim 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 25, 27, Kant teaches a communication link using SSCOP which is analogous to a SCTP/IP-compliant protocol (column 3 lines 3-14) referenced by Service Specific Connection Oriented Protocol which is a packet based ATM transport protocol particularly for voice applications using virtual circuits.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

3. Claims 5, 7 and 22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

***Citation of Prior Art***

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Patent 6545979, Poulin discloses a round trip delay measurement. Patent 5170391, Arnold discloses a fault detection and bandwidth monitoring means.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John L Shew whose telephone number is 703-305-8708. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wellington Chin can be reached on 703-305-4366. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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